

basic education

Department: Basic Education **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY P1

NOVEMBER 2021

MARKS: 150

1

TIME: 3 hours

This question paper consists of 22 pages and 2 data pages.

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INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. This question paper is divided into FOUR sections. Candidates must answer ALL the questions in ALL FOUR sections.
- 2. The duration of this examination is three hours. Because of the nature of this examination it is important to note that you will not be permitted to leave the examination room before the end of the examination session.
- 3. This question paper is set with programming terms that are specific to Delphi programming language. The Delphi programming language must be used to answer the questions.
- 4. Make sure that you answer the questions according to the specifications that are given in each question. Marks will be awarded according to the set requirements.
- 5. Answer only what is asked in each question. For example, if the question does not ask for data validation, then no marks will be awarded for data validation.
- 6. Your programs must be coded in such a way that they will work with any data and not just the sample data supplied or any data extracts that appear in the question paper.
- 7. Routines, such as search, sort and selection, must be developed from first principles. You may NOT use the built-in features of Delphi for any of these routines.
- 8. All data structures must be declared by you, the programmer, unless the data structures are supplied.
- 9. You must save your work regularly on the disk/CD/DVD/flash disk you have been given, or on the disk space allocated to you for this examination session.
- 10. Make sure that your examination number appears as a comment in every program that you code, as well as on every event indicated.
- 11. If required, print the programming code of all the programs/classes that you completed. Your examination number must appear on all the printouts. You will be given half an hour printing time after the examination session.
- 12. At the end of this examination session you must hand in a disk/CD/DVD/flash disk with all your work saved on it OR you must make sure that all your work has been saved on the disk space allocated to you for this examination session. Ensure that all files can be read.

13. The files that you need to complete this question paper have been provided to you on the disk/CD/DVD/flash disk or on the disk space allocated to you. The files are provided in the form of password-protected executable files.

NOTE: Candidates must use the file **DataENGNov2021.exe**.

Do the following:

- Double click on the following password-protected executable file: DataENGNov2021.exe.
- Click on the 'Extract' button.
- Enter the following password: **eHikeNov2021**

Once extracted, the following list of files will be available in the folder **DataENGNov2021**:

Question 1:

Question1_P.dpr Question1_P.dproj Question1_P.res Question1_U.dfm Question1_U.pas

Question 2:

ConnectDB_U.pas HikingDB - Copy.mdb HikingDB.mdb Question2_P.dpr Question2_P.dproj Question2_P.res Question2_U.dfm Question2_U.pas

Question 3:

HikingTrail_U.pas Question3_P.dpr Question3_P.dproj Question3_P.res Question3_U.dfm Question3_U.pas *.txt 9 files *.jpg 9 files

Question 4:

Question4_P.dpr Question4_P.dproj Question4_P.res Question4_U.dfm Question4_U.pas

SECTION A

QUESTION 1: GENERAL PROGRAMMING SKILLS

Do the following:

- Open the incomplete program in the **Question 1** folder.
- Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of the **Question1_U.pas** file.
- Compile and execute the program. The program has no functionality currently.
- Use the variables provided to answer the questions.

Question 1 - General programming skills	– 🗆 X
Question 1.1	Question 1.4
IblQ1_1 Fyruni	
Question 1.2	
Number of rolls lblQ1_2	Select a symbol \checkmark
1.2 - Number of rolls	
Question 1.3	1.4 - Display pattern
	Question 1.5
1.3 - Calculate volume	1.5 - Characters

Example of the graphical user interface (GUI):

 Complete the code for each section of QUESTION 1, as described in QUESTION 1.1 to QUESTION 1.5 that follow.

1.1 FormCreate event

Write code to change the format of the label **lblQ1_1** as follows:

- Display the text 'Coding is' when the program is executed.
- Change the colour of the text to green (clGreen).
- Change the size of the font to 16 pt.
- Change the font to 'Arial'.

Example of output:

Question 1.1	
Coding is	Fyrun

(4)

1.2 Button [1.2 - Number of rolls]

Energy sweets recommended for hikers to have during each break while hiking are packaged in rolls of eight sweets per roll. Hikers normally eat four sweets during each break. Use the **spnQ1_2** spin edit to select/enter the number of breaks a hiker plans on taking. The program must determine the number of sweet rolls that must be purchased for the hike.

Write code to do the following:

- Create a constant SWEETS_PER_ROLL to store the value of 8.
- Declare suitable integer variables for the number of breaks, the total number of sweets and the number of rolls to purchase.
- Extract the number of breaks to be taken during a hike from the spnQ1_2 spin edit.
- Calculate the total number of sweets that a hiker will have during the hike. Assume that hikers will consume four sweets during each break.
- Calculate the minimum number of rolls that need to be purchased to supply the hiker with enough sweets for the hike.
- Display the number of rolls on the **lblQ1_2** label.

Example of output for seven breaks:

Question 1.2	
Number of breaks	7
Number of rolls	4
1.2 - Numbe	r of rolls

Example of output for eight breaks:



Please turn over

(8)

1.3 Button [1.3 - Calculate volume]

The figure shown below was compiled using a combination of half a sphere and a tetrahedron (a solid shape with four flat sides that are triangles). The program must calculate and display the volume of the combined figure.



The following information is provided:

The formula to calculate the volume of the combined figure is:

$$V = volume \ of \ tetrahedron + \frac{1}{2}(volume \ of \ sphere)$$

The volume of the tetrahedron in the figure is given as 133 cm^3 .



The formula to calculate the volume of a sphere is: • .3

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r$$



Use the information provided and write code to do the following:

- Calculate the volume of the combined figure if the radius of the sphere is • 3 cm.
- Display the volume in a ShowMessage box formatted to ONE decimal • place.

Example of output:

Question1_p	×
Volume: 189.5	
	ОК

1.4 Button [1.4 - Display pattern]

A pattern with a symbol selected from the **cmbQ1_4** combo box must be displayed. The pattern is a square which consists of the same number of rows and columns. The number of rows and columns is obtained from the position of the symbol that has been selected from the combo box.

NOTE: The first item (@) in the combo box is situated in position one.

The first eight symbols in the combo box are shown below.

Select a symbol	<
@	^
#	
\$	
%	
&	
^	
*	
?	~

Write code to do the following:

- Clear the output area redQ1_4.
- Extract the symbol selected by the user from the **cmbQ1_4** combo box.
- Obtain the position of the symbol selected in the combo box to determine the number of rows and columns.
- Use nested loop structures to display the pattern (block) in the rich edit, using the selected symbol.

Example of output if the first item (@) is selected in **cmbQ1_4**:



Example of output if the third item (\$) is selected in **cmbQ1_4**:

Qu	estion 1.4
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

(11)

1.5 Button [1.5 - Characters]

A string must be compiled by randomly generating upper-case letters of the alphabet until the same letter is generated consecutively.

Code has been provided to clear the rich edit and to initialise an output string.

Write code to do the following:

- Randomly generate a capital letter from the alphabet in the range 'A'..'Z'.
- Compile a string using the generated letters.
- Repeat the process until the generated letter is a duplicate of the previous (last) letter that was generated.
- Display the generated string in the **redQ1_5** rich edit. Each time the output string must include the final duplicate characters, as shown in the example output.
- **HINT:** The ASCII values for the letters 'A' to 'Z' start at 65 for the letter 'A', 66 for the letter 'B', and so on up to the value of 90 for the letter 'Z'.

Example of output:

0	unction 1 5	
Q	uesuon 1.5	
	CLUVRLIKGOQLEIKOTGPYTVXWFIYETETJPF	
	WMNLCXCSTUU	

In the example above, the process was terminated because the letter 'U' was generated consecutively.

Q	uestion 1.5
	UMGUFINYJSDKZUJXGFMKCHCC

In the example above, the process was terminated because the letter 'C' was generated consecutively.

NOTE: The output your program generates may differ from the output examples, because the letters are randomly generated. The string that is generated can contain less or more characters than the strings supplied in the examples.

(10)

• Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of the program file.

- Save your program.
- Print the code if required.

TOTAL SECTION A: 40

SECTION B

QUESTION 2: SQL AND DATABASE PROGRAMMING

The database **HikingDB** contains information of members of different hiking clubs. The database contains two tables, namely **tblClubs** and **tblMembers**.

The data pages attached at the end of the question paper provide information on the design of the database and its contents.

Do the following:

- Open the incomplete project file called **Question2_P.dpr** in the **Question 2** folder.
- Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of the **Question2_U.pas** unit file.
- Compile and execute the program. The program has no functionality currently. The contents of the tables are displayed as shown below on the selection of tab sheet **Question 2.2 Delphi code**.

ClubID	ClubName	ClubTown	Pro	ovince	SA_Aff	iliated	Mem	Fee	
5	Boks Hiking	Boksburg	GP	2	True			350	
8	Cape Adventure Hiking	Cape Town	WO	С	True			500	
2	Drifting Hiking	Jeffreys Bay	EC	2	False			300	
7	Egoli Hiking	Johannesbur	g GP	5	False			300	
Member	Code MemberSurname	MemberName	BirthDate	HikesC	ompleted	AmountPa	aid	ClubID	
Alv3866	Alvarez	Yen	2000/04/0)9	9	R	88.00	10	
Aye9492	2 Ayers	Christen	1997/08/0)2	7	R37	73.00	4	
Bar5406	Barnes	Delilah	1977/10/1	17	19	R2	28.00	2	
Bar5406 Bar1414 2.2.1 - O	Barnes Barnes Dutstanding fees	Delilah Malachi	1977/10/1 1989/07/0	17 09	19 27 2.2.2	R2 R2 2 - Chang	28.00 21.00 ge inf	2 6 ormation	
Bar5406 Bar1414 2.2.1 - O	Barnes Barnes Dutstanding fees	Delilah Malachi	1977/10/1 1989/07/0	17 09	19 27	R2 R2 2 - Chang 2.2.2 - U	28.00 21.00 ge infe Jpdate	2 6 ormation e hikes con	npleted
Bar5406 Bar1414 2.2.1 - O	Barnes Barnes Outstanding fees	Delilah Malachi	1977/10/1 1989/07/0	17 09	19 27 2.2.2 2.2.3	R2 R2 2 - Chang 2.2.2 - U 3 - Add m	28.00 21.00 ge info Jpdato nembo	2 6 ormation e hikes con	npleted
Bar5406 Bar1414 2.2.1 - O	Barnes Barnes Outstanding fees	Delilah Malachi	1977/10/1 1989/07/0	17 09	19 27 2.2.2 2.2.3	R2 R2 2 - Chang 2.2.2 - U 3 - Add m Club nar	28.00 21.00 ge info Jpdato nembo me	2 6 ormation e hikes con	npleted
Bar5406 Bar1414 2.2.1 - O	Barnes Barnes Outstanding fees	Delilah Malachi	1977/10/1 1989/07/0	17 09	19 27 2.2.2 2.2.3	R2 R2 2 - Chang 2.2.2 - U 3 - Add m Club nar O 3. Mo	28.00 21.00 ge info Jpdato nembo me untai	2 6 ormation e hikes con er o Free	npleted
Bar5406 Bar1414 2.2.1 - O	Barnes Barnes Outstanding fees	Delilah Malachi	1977/10/1 1989/07/0	17 09	19 27 -2.2.2 -2.2.3	R2 R2 2 - Chang 2.2.2 - U 3 - Add m Club nar O 3. Mo O 5. Bol	28.00 21.00 ge info Jpdato nembo me untaio ks Hil	2 6 ormation e hikes con er n Free ting	npleted
Bar5406 Bar1414 2.2.1 - O	Barnes Barnes Outstanding fees	Delilah Malachi	1977/10/1 1989/07/0	17	19 27 2.2.2 2.2.3	R2 R2 2 - Chang 2.2.2 - U 3 - Add m Club nar O 3. Mot O 5. Bol O 6. Prir	28.00 21.00 ge info Jpdato nembo me untaio ks Hil ntfoot	2 6 ormation e hikes con er n Free ting Hiking	npleted

• Follow the instructions that follow to complete the code for each section as described in QUESTION 2.1 and QUESTION 2.2.

NOTE:

- The 'Restore database' button is provided to restore the data contained in the database to the original content.
- Code is provided to link the GUI components to the database. Do NOT change any
 of the code provided.
- TWO variables are declared as public variables as described in the table below.

Variable	Data type	Description
tblClubs	TADOTable	Refers to the table tblClubs
tblMembers	TADOTable	Refers to the table tblMembers

2.1 Tab sheet [Question 2.1 - SQL]

Example of graphical user interface (GUI) for QUESTION 2.1:

	acabase programming					_
estion 2.1 - SQL	Question 2.2 - De	elphi code				
2.1.1 - Clubs fro	m Gauteng and SA	affiliated	2.1.4 - A	verage membership	fee	
2.1.2 - Birth yea	r		2.1.5 - C	hange member nan	ne	
Select club na	ame	~				
2.1.3 - Display r	members					
lesults	MemberSurname	MemberName	BirthDate	HikesCompleted	AmountPaid	^
Results MemberCode ▶ Alv3866	MemberSurname Alvarez	MemberName Yen	BirthDate 2000/04/09	HikesCompleted 9	AmountPaid	88
Results MemberCode ► Alv3866 Aye9492	MemberSurname Alvarez Ayers	MemberName Yen Christen	BirthDate 2000/04/09 1997/08/02	HikesCompleted 9 7	AmountPaid	88
Results MemberCode Alv3866 Aye9492 Bra3291	MemberSurname Alvarez Ayers Bradshaw	MemberName Yen Christen Cynthia	BirthDate 2000/04/09 1997/08/02 1973/09/23	HikesCompleted 9 7 21	AmountPaid	88 73 94
Results MemberCode ► Alv3866 Aye9492 Bra3291 Bar5406	MemberSurname Alvarez Ayers Bradshaw Barnes	MemberName Yen Christen Cynthia Delilah	BirthDate 2000/04/09 1997/08/02 1973/09/23 1977/10/17	HikesCompleted 9 7 21 19	AmountPaid	88 73 94 28
Results MemberCode ► Alv3866 Aye9492 Bra3291 Bar5406 Bar1414	MemberSurname Alvarez Ayers Bradshaw Barnes Barnes	MemberName Yen Christen Cynthia Delilah Malachi	BirthDate 2000/04/09 1997/08/02 1973/09/23 1977/10/17 1989/07/09	HikesCompleted 9 7 21 19 27	AmountPaid 3 2	888 773 994 28 21
Results MemberCode Alv3866 Aye9492 Bra3291 Bar5406 Bar1414 Boy9831	MemberSurname Alvarez Ayers Bradshaw Barnes Barnes Boyner	MemberName Yen Christen Cynthia Delilah Malachi Neville	BirthDate 2000/04/09 1997/08/02 1973/09/23 1977/10/17 1989/07/09 2002/12/19	HikesCompleted 9 7 21 19 27 6	AmountPaid 3 2	888 773 94 28 21 65
Results MemberCode Alv3866 Aye9492 Bra3291 Bar5406 Bar1414 Boy9831 Bry4657	MemberSurname Alvarez Ayers Bradshaw Barnes Barnes Boyner Bryan	MemberName Yen Christen Cynthia Delilah Malachi Neville Aiensley	BirthDate 2000/04/09 1997/08/02 1973/09/23 1977/10/17 1989/07/09 2002/12/19 1962/05/02	HikesCompleted 9 7 21 19 27 6 33	AmountPaid	888 773 994 21 65 998
Results MemberCode ► Alv3866 Aye9492 Bra3291 Bar5406 Bar1414 Boy9831 Bry4657	MemberSurname Alvarez Ayers Bradshaw Barnes Barnes Boyner Bryan	MemberName Yen Christen Cynthia Delilah Malachi Neville Aiensley	BirthDate 2000/04/09 1997/08/02 1973/09/23 1977/10/17 1989/07/09 2002/12/19 1962/05/02	HikesCompleted 9 7 21 19 27 6 33	AmountPaid	88 73 94 28 21 65 98

NOTE: Code to execute the SQL statements and display the results of the queries is provided. The SQL statements assigned to the variables **sSQ**

Use ONLY SQL code to complete the SQL statements for QUESTION 2.1.1 to QUESTION 2.1.5 that follow.

2.1.1 Button [2.1.1 - Clubs from Gauteng and SA affiliated]

Display the names and the towns of all clubs in Gauteng (GP) that are SA affiliated.

Example of output:

	ClubName	ClubTown
Þ	Boks Hiking	Boksburg
	Printfoot Hiking	Pretoria

(3)

2.1.2 Button [2.1.2 - Birth year]

Display the name, surname and date of birth of all members who were born in 2002.

Example of output:

	MemberName	MemberSurname	BirthDate
Þ	Neville	Boyner	2002/12/19
	Rahim	Heath	2002/09/25
	Jin	Lucas	2002/08/03
	Carl	Monroe	2002/09/20
	Hyatt	Whitney	2002/06/13

(3)

2.1.3 Button [2.1.3 - Display members]

Code has been provided to select a **ClubName** from the **cmbQ2_1_3** combo box.

NOTE: The date format may differ from the example in the output.

Display the surname and name of members from the club selected in the combo box.

Example of output if Kamma Hiking is selected:

	MemberSurname	MemberName
Þ	Cohran	Raymond
	Kelly	Blossom
	Monroe	Carl

(4)

2.1.4 Button [2.1.4 - Average membership fee]

Display the province and the average membership fee per province where the average membership fee is more than R400.

The average membership fee per province must be a calculated field with the heading **AvgFee** and it must be displayed as currency.

Example of output:

Province	AvgFee
KZN	R475.00
WC	R425.00

(6)

2.1.5 Button [2.1.5 - Change member name]

Write code to change all member names spelled as 'Aiensley' to 'Ainsley'.

(3)

2.2 Tab sheet [Question 2.2 - Delphi code]

Example of graphical user interface (GUI) for QUESTION 2.2:

Question	2 - SQL and database prog	gramming								-		2
Question	2.1 - SQL Questi	ion 2.2 - Delph	11 code									
ClubID ClubName ClubTown Pr 5 Boks Hiking Boksburg Git		Provir	nce SA	_Aff	iliated M	/lem	Fee					
		GP	GP True			350						
8	Cape Adventure Hiking	Cape Town		WC	Tru	e			500			
2	Drifting Hiking	Jeffreys Bay		EC	Fa	se			300			
7	Egoli Hiking	Johannesbur	g	GP	Fa	se			300			
Member	Code MemberSurname	MemberName	BirthD	ate	HikesComple	ted	AmountPai	d	ClubID			
Alv3866	Alvarez	Yen	2000/0	04/09		9	R88	3.00	10			
Aye9492	Ayers	Christen	1997/0	08/02		7	R373	3.00	4			
Bar5406	Barnes	Delilah	1977/1	10/17		19	R28	8.00	2			
Bar1414	Barnes	Malachi	1989/0)7/09		27	R21	.00	6			
							2.2.2 - Up	dati	e hikes com	pletec	ł	
					-2	2.2.3	3 - Add me	mb	er			
							Club nam	e				
							○ 3. Mou	ntai	n Free			
							⊖ 5. Boks	s Hil	king			
							O 6. Print	foot	t Hiking			
	2.2.1 - Out	standing fees					2.2.3	3 - A	dd member			
					21	Res	tore datab	ase		<u>∎</u> C	ose	

NOTE:

- Use ONLY Delphi programming code to answer QUESTION 2.2.1 to QUESTION 2.2.3.
- NO marks will be awarded for SQL statements in QUESTION 2.2.

2.2.1 Button [2.2.1 - Outstanding fees]

Write code to display the club name and annual membership fee as part of a heading and the surname, amount paid and outstanding fees for each club member in the **redQ2_2_1** rich edit.

Example of output for the first two clubs:

Boks Hiking, annual fee = R350.00						
Surname Oliver Pearce	Paid R219.00 R70.00	Outstanding R131.00 R280.00				
Cape Adventure Hiking, annual fee = R500.00						
Surname Dunn English Guzman Heath Hubbard Ward	Paid R33.00 R481.00 R334.00 R298.00 R326.00 R235.00	Outstanding R467.00 R19.00 R166.00 R202.00 R174.00 R265.00				

2.2.2 Button [2.2.2 - Update hikes completed]

Select a member from the **tblMembers** table in the dbgrid (dbgrdMany) who completed another hike.

Write code to increment the **HikesCompleted** field, by one for the member selected in the dbgrid.

2.2.3 Button [2.2.3 - Add member]

Only the following clubs allow new member to join:

Mountain Free Boks Hiking Printfoot Hiking

The IDs and names of these clubs are listed in the **rgpQ2_2_3** component in the following format: <ClubID>. <ClubName> with the caption 'Clubname'.

Code has been provided to assign the surname, name, date of birth and membership code of a new member to variables.

NOTE: To add a new member, the user must first select a club name from the **rgpQ2_2_3** radio group.

Write code to do the following:

- Extract the **ClubID** from the club selected in the **rgpQ2_2_3** radio group.
- Assign the provided variables to the corresponding member fields and the **ClubID** to the **ClubID** member field.
- Add the required statement(s) to ensure that the new member's details are saved in the database table.
- **NOTE:** You can add the member ONCE only. If you want to test your code by adding the member again, first restore the database to its original content before testing the code again.

(5)

• Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of the program file.

- Save your program.
- Print the code if required.

(4)

SECTION C

QUESTION 3: OBJECT-ORIENTATED PROGRAMMING

Information on some of the popular hiking trails in South Africa are available in the format of text files. The incomplete program provided must use the information in the text files to determine whether prospective hikers are fit enough to attempt a specific hiking trail. The program also needs to calculate the cost to book the specific hiking trial.

Do the following:

- Open the incomplete program in the **Question 3** folder.
- Open the incomplete object class **HikingTrail_U.pas**.
- Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of both the **Question3_U.pas** file and the **HikingTrail_U.pas** file.
- Compile and execute the program. The program has no functionality currently.

Example of graphical user interface (GUI):

Popular hiking trails		—	Х
Hiking Tr	ails		
Trail name Select a hiking trail	•		
	Cost of hiking trail		
Hiking trail information:	Cost?		
	3.2.3 - Display cost		
	Distance per day		
3,2,2 - Display hiking trail details	3.2.4 - Calculate distance pe	r day	

- Complete the code as specified in QUESTION 3.1 and QUESTION 3.2.
- **NOTE:** For this question, you are NOT allowed to include any additional attributes or user-defined methods unless explicitly stated in the question.

3.1 The incomplete object class (**THikingTrail**) provided contains code for the declaration of five attributes that describe a **HikingTrail** object.

The attributes for a HikingTrail object have been declared as follows:

Attribute	Description
fTrailName	The name of the hiking trail
fTerrainType	The type of terrain, e.g. Rocky
fNumberOfDays	The number of days it takes to complete the trail
fDistance	The total distance of the hiking trail in kilometres
fCostPP	The cost to book the hiking trail per person

A **constructor** that assigns parameter values to the attributes has been provided.

Complete the code in the object class as described in QUESTION 3.1.1 to QUESTION 3.1.5 below.

- 3.1.1 Write an accessor method called **getNumberOfDays** for the fNumberOfDays attribute.
- 3.1.2 Write a method **calcDistPerDay** to calculate and return the average number of kilometres that must be completed per day to complete the trail within the required number of days, rounded off to the nearest integer.
- 3.1.3 Write a method called **determineLevel** to determine and return the difficulty level of the trail as a string. The difficulty level can be advanced, moderate or easy.

Write code to do the following:

- Call the **calcDistPerDay** method to calculate and return the distance that must be completed per day.
- Use the distance per day value to determine the difficulty level as follows:
 - 'Advanced' if the distance per day is more than 15 km and the terrain is 'Rocky' or 'Sandy'.
 - 'Moderate' if the distance per day is from 10 km to 15 km.
 - 'Easy' if the difficulty level is neither 'Advanced' nor 'Moderate'.

(10)

(4)

(2)

(3)

- 3.1.4 Write a method called **calcTotalCost** to receive the number of hikers in a group as a parameter and return the total cost for the group, based on the fCostPP attribute value.
- 3.1.5 Write a **toString** method to return all the attributes of the object in the following format:

<Name of hiking trail>: <Type of terrain> <distance> km in <number of days> days Cost per person: <Cost> formatted to currency

Example:

Amatola Hiking Trail: Rocky 100 km in 6 days Cost per person: R1500.00 3.2 An incomplete program has been supplied in the **Question 3** folder. The program contains code for the object class to be accessible and declares an object variable called **objHikingTrail**.

Write code to perform the tasks described in QUESTION 3.2.1 to QUESTION 3.2.4.

3.2.1 **Combo box - cmbQ3_2_1**

Information on hiking trails are provided in different text files.

The name of the hiking trail, as provided in the combo box **cmbQ3_2_1**, is the same as the name of the text file. The extension of all text files is '.txt'.

Each text file contains four lines of information in the following format:

Type of terrain Total distance in km Total number of days Cost of booking the trail for one person

For example, the content of the text file Amatola Hiking Trail is:

Code has been provided to extract the selected hiking trail from the combo box **cmbQ3_2_1** and to display an image of the hiking trail in the image component.

Each time the name of the hiking trail is selected in the combo box, a new object must be instantiated.

Write code to do the following:

- Open the correct text file to read from using the name of the selected hiking trail.
- Read the terrain, distance, number of days and the cost per person from the text file.
- Use this information and the name of the hiking trail to instantiate a new hiking trail object.
- Display a message using a dialogue box to indicate that the object has been instantiated successfully.

Example of output:



- -

3.2.2 Button [3.2.2 - Display hiking trail details]

Write code to use the **toString** method to display the object's information in the **redQ3_2_2** component.

Example of output if the Amatola Hiking Trail is selected:

Hiking trail information: Amatola Hiking Trail: Rocky 100 km in 6 days Cost per person: R1,500.00

3.2.3 Button [3.2.3 - Display cost]

Write code to do the following:

- Use an input box to enter the number of hikers in the group.
- Use the **calculateCost** method to assign the cost for the group to the provided cost variable.

Example of output if the Amatola Hiking Trail is selected and the size of the group is 7:

Enter number of people X	Cost of hiking trail
	R10,500.00
OK Cancel	

3.2.4 Button [3.2.4 – Calculate distance per day]

Write code to use the object's methods and display the difficulty level and recommended distance per day in the following format for the selected hiking trail in the **redQ3_2_4** rich edit:

You have to cover at least <distance per day> km per day to complete this <difficulty level> hiking trail in <number of days> days.

(2)

(4)

Example of output if the Amatola Hiking Trail is selected:



Example of output if the Rim of Africa hiking trail is selected:

Distance per day
You have to cover at least 11 km per day to complete this MODERATE hiking trail in 56 days.
3.2.4 - Calculate distance per day

(3)

- Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of the object class and the form class.
- Save your program.
- Print the code of the object class and the form class if required.

TOTAL SECTION C: 40

SECTION D

QUESTION 4: PROBLEM-SOLVING PROGRAMMING

Hikers use a distance chart to plan their hiking trips. Checkpoints refer to rest areas or overnight locations on a hiking trail. A distance chart consists of the distances between different checkpoints on a hiking trail.

Do the following:

- Open the incomplete program in the **Question 4** folder.
- Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of the **Question4_U.pas** file.
- Compile and execute the program. The program has no functionality currently.

Question 4 - Problem-solving programming		-		Х
	4.3 - Map of hiking routes			
	(2) Morgan		3)	
	Haga Haga	Cintsa	1	
	Select route: 1,2,3,4,5		~	
4.1 - Display distance chart 4.2 - Validation	4.3 - Route pla	anner		

Example of the graphical user interface (GUI):

The following have been provided in the program:

• The names of checkpoints are stored in a one-dimensional array named **arrNames**:

arrNames: array[1..5] of String = ('Morgan', 'Haga Haga', 'Cintsa', 'Beacon', 'Gonubie');

• The distances between the checkpoints on the trail are stored in a two-dimensional array named **arrDistances** in number of kilometres:

arrDistances: array[1..5, 1..5] of real = ((0, 6.2, 9, 13.2, 16.2), (6.2, 0, 13.37, 8.74, 12.86), (9.57, 13.37, 0, 9.63, 24.63), (13.2, 8.74, 9.63, 0, 15.2), (16.2, 12.86, 24.63, 15, 0));

• Code has been provided to display the headings for QUESTION 4.1 and QUESTION 4.2.

• Write code to perform the tasks described in QUESTION 4.1 to QUESTION 4.3.

4.1 **Button [4.1 - Display distance chart]**

Write code to display the names of the checkpoints from the array, **arrNames**, and the contents of the two dimensional array, **arrDistances**, in neat columns in the rich edit **redQ4** provided.

NOTE: The intersection between two of the same checkpoints has a value of 0.

Example of output:

NOTE: Tabs and blank lines in the example output are included for readability and are NOT required as part of the output of the program.

	Morgan	Haga Haga	Cintsa	Beacon	Gonubie
Morgan	0	6.2	9	13.2	16.2
Haga Haga	6.2	0	13.37	8.74	12.86
Cintsa	9.57	13.37	0	9.63	24.63
Beacon	13.2	8.74	9.63	0	15.2
Gonubie	16.2	12.86	24.63	15	0

4.2 Button [4.2 - Validation]

Some of the values in the distance chart in the array **arrDistances** were rounded down to an integer value. These inaccurate integer values need to be replaced by the more accurate decimal value in the corresponding row and column.

Write code to do the following:

• Check if the corresponding row and column in the **arrDistances** array are exactly the same.

For example:

The value at arrDistance[1,3] must be the same as the value at arrDistance[3,1], the value at arrDistance[4,2] must be the same as the value at arrDistance[2,4] and so on.

- For each inaccurate value that is identified, replace the inaccurate integer value with the accurate corresponding decimal value.
- Display the position of the inaccurate value(s) that were identified as a row and column number followed by the accurate decimal value that will replace the inaccurate integer value in the following format:

[row value, column value] with <accurate value>

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Example of output:

Replace distance at:
[1,3] with 9.57
[5,4] with 15.2

Example of the updated two-dimensional array:

	Morgan	Haga Haga	Cintsa	Beacon	Gonubie
Morgan	0	6.2	9.57	13.2	16.2
Haga Haga	6.2	0	13.37	8.74	12.86
Cintsa	9.57	13.37	0	9.63	24.63
Beacon	13.2	8.74	9.63	0	15.2
Gonubie	16.2	12.86	24.63	15.2	0

4.3 Button [4.3 - Route planner]

Hikers can select one of different routes listed in the **cmbRoutes** combo box to do a hiking trail.

The hiker must select a possible route in the combo box.

If the hiker selects the route '4,3,1,2,5', it means that the hiking trail starts at the Beacon checkpoint. The route then continues towards the Cintsa, Morgan and Haga Haga checkpoints with Gonubie being the last checkpoint.

An itinerary needs to be compiled and displayed for the route selected.

Write code to do the following:

- Extract the route from the **cmbRoutes** combo box and display the selected route in the **redQ4** rich edit.
- Use the information in the **arrNames** array to display the names of each pair of checkpoints and the array **arrDistances** to display the distance between each pair of checkpoints.
- Determine and display the approximate time (in minutes) it will take to complete the hike between the pairs of checkpoints. Use the following information:
 - It takes 20 minutes to walk a distance of 1 km.
 - It takes double this time to walk the same distance on the rocky route between Haga Haga (checkpoint 2) and Beacon (checkpoint 4).
- If the total time spent hiking for one day is more than 8 hours (480 minutes), the hiker must book accommodation to stay overnight at the last checkpoint for that day. The name(s) of the overnight checkpoint(s) must be displayed.
- Calculate and display the total distance of the hike in kilometres.

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Example of output if the selected route is 4,3,1,2,5:

Route: 4,3,1,2,5 Beacon to Cintsa: 9.63 (192.6 minutes) Cintsa to Morgan: 9.57 (191.4 minutes) Morgan to Haga Haga: 6.2 (124 minutes) Book at Haga Haga. Haga Haga to Gonubie: 12.86 (257.2 minutes) Total distance: 38.3 km

Example of output if the selected route is 2,4,3,5,1:

Route: 2,4,3,5,1

Haga Haga to Beacon: 8.74 (349.6 minutes) Beacon to Cintsa: 9.63 (192.6 minutes) Book at Cintsa.

Cintsa to Gonubie: 24.63 (492.6 minutes) Book at Gonubie.

Gonubie to Morgan: 16.2 (324 minutes)

Total distance: 59.2 km

• Enter your examination number as a comment in the first line of the program file.

• Save your program.

• Print the code if required.

TOTAL SECTION D: 30

GRAND TOTAL: 150

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(17)

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY P1 (2)

DATABASE INFORMATION QUESTION 2:

The design of the database tables is as follows:

Table: tblClubs

The table contains the information of hiking clubs in different provinces.

Data type	Description
Number	A unique number assigned to the club
Text (20)	The name of the hiking club
Text (25)	The town where the club is situated
Text (20)	The province where the club is situated
Boolean	Boolean field indicating whether the hiking club is affiliated with the SA biking club or not
Currency	Annual membership fee
	Data type Number Text (20) Text (25) Text (20) Boolean Currency

Example of the first ten records in the tblClubs table:

	I tblClubs						
4	ClubID	Ŧ	ClubName 👻	ClubTown 👻	Province 👻	SA_Affiliated 👻	MemFee 👻
E	ŧ	1	Wild Boast Hiking	Cradock	EC	\checkmark	R500.00
E	÷	2	Drifting Hiking	Jeffreys Bay	EC		R300.00
E	÷	3	Mountain Free	Bergville	KZN	\checkmark	R450.00
E	ŧ	4	Velo Wildlife Hiking	Winterton	KZN	\checkmark	R500.00
6	+	5	Boks Hiking	Boksburg	GP	\checkmark	R350.00
E	+	6	Printfoot Hiking	Pretoria	GP	\checkmark	R500.00
6	÷	7	Egoli Hiking	Johannesburg	GP		R300.00
6	+	8	Cape Adventure Hiking	Cape Town	WC	\checkmark	R500.00
E	÷	9	Richway Ramblers	Cape Town	WC	\checkmark	R450.00
6	÷	10	Vent Int Hiking	Cape Town	WC	\checkmark	R300.00
6	+	11	Walk-a-Hike	Cape Town	WC	\checkmark	R400.00
E	÷	12	Garden Trails	Knysna	WC		R400.00
E	÷	13	Kamma Hiking	Tsitstikamma	WC		R500.00

Table: tblMembers

This table contains the information of members in different hiking clubs.

Field name	Data type	Description
MemberCode (PK)	Text (7)	A unique code assigned to each member
MemberSurname	Text (20)	The surname of the member
MemberName	Text (20)	The name of the member
BirthDate	Date/Time	The birthday of the member
HikesCompleted	Number	The total number of hikes completed by the
		member
AmountPaid	Currency	The amount paid by the member towards the
		membership fee
ClubID (FK)	Number	A number that connects the member to the club
		where the member is registered

tblMembers								
4	MemberCode 🗸	MemberSurname 👻	MemberName 👻	BirthDate 👻	HikesCompleted 🗸	AmountPaid 👻	ClubID 👻	
	Alv3866	Alvarez	Yen	2010/04/09	49	R88.00	10	
	Aye9492	Ayers	Christen	1997/08/02	7	R373.00	4	
	Bar1414	Barnes	Malachi	1989/07/09	27	R21.00	6	
	Bar5406	Barnes	Delilah	1977/10/17	19	R28.00	2	
	Boy9831	Boyner	Neville	2012/12/19	36	R65.00	4	
	Bra3291	Bradshaw	Cynthia	1973/09/23	21	R294.00	3	
	Bry4657	Bryan	Aiensley	1962/05/02	33	R298.00	1	
	Bus2297	Bush	Cameron	2015/08/26	11	R417.00	1	
	Cal5273	Calderon	Aidan	1974/11/11	31	R294.00	2	
	Coh5809	Cohran	Raymond	1989/06/02	47	R220.00	13	

Example of the first ten records in the **tblMembers** table:

NOTE: Connection code has been provided.

The following one-to-many relationship with referential integrity exists between the two tables in the database:

